

**STANDARDS COMMITTEE
14TH FEBRUARY 2014**

**FINANCE AND CORPORATE SERVICES
URGENT REPORT OF THE HEAD OF LEGAL SERVICES**

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ITEM 1
PART 1 SECTION B

ADJUDICATION PANEL FOR WALES REPORT 2012/2013

1.1. Purpose of Report

To advise Members of the Adjudication Panel for Wales Annual Report. Members are requested to consider this as an urgent item received after the compilation of the main report.

1.2. Background

1.2.1. The Adjudication Panel for Wales is a statutory body with two related functions; firstly, to consider allegations of breaches of the Members' Code referred to it by the Ombudsman ("Case Tribunals") and, secondly, to consider appeals against decisions of Standards Committees ("Appeal Tribunals"). In relation to the first part of its jurisdiction, the Panel has greater powers of sentencing than those available to Standards Committees.

1.2.2. During 2012/2013 the Panel received five new referrals from the Ombudsman and four appeals against decisions of Standards Committees. A further four cases were carried over from the previous financial year. None of the cases considered related to Neath Port Talbot.

1.2.3. The report contains useful summaries of Panel decisions which can act as guidance for Monitoring Officers and Standards Committees.

1.2.4. I therefore take the opportunity to reproduce at Appendix 1 an extract from the Report giving an account of the cases determined by the Panel.

1.2.5. The report is presented for information only.

1.3. Background Papers

Adjudication Panel for Wales Report 2012/2013

1.4. Wards Affected

All

1.5. Officer Contact

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3. Allegations of Misconduct

3.1 Overview

In the period October 2002 to 31 March 2013, the Adjudication Panel made determinations on 44 references from the Ombudsman and 11 appeals against the decisions of a standards committee. Figures 1 to 3 give a breakdown of the outcomes of those determinations. A summary of the sanctions imposed is in the Annex to this report.

Figure 1: Case Tribunal decisions – October 2002 to March 2013

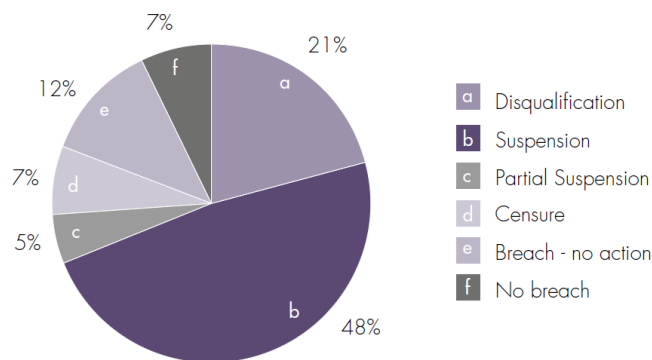


Figure 2: Appeal Tribunal decisions – October 2002 to March 2013

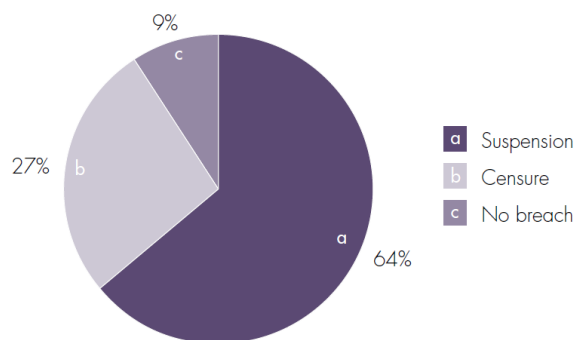
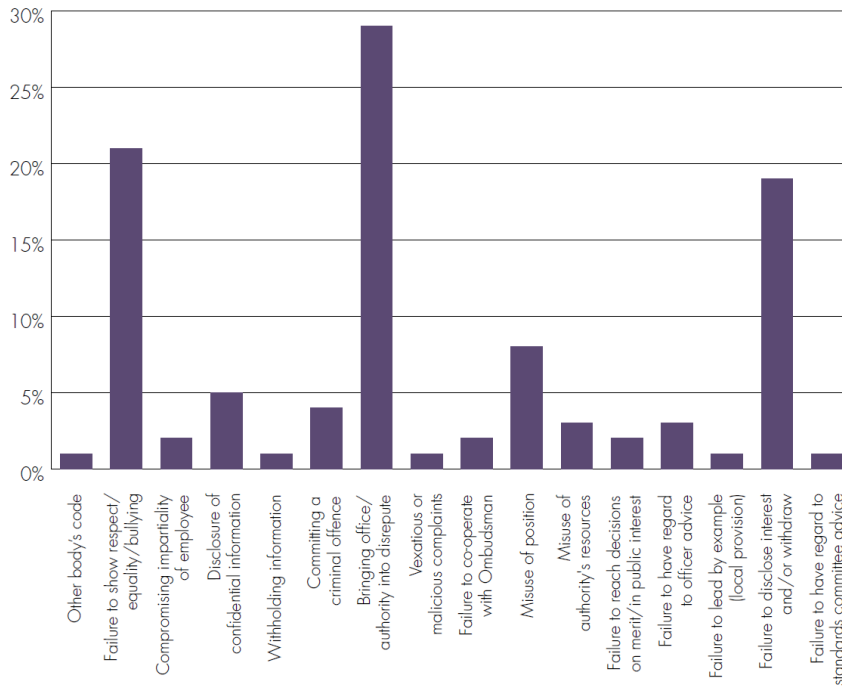


Figure 3: Breaches by type October 2002 to March 2013



3.2 Summary of Case Tribunals 2012 – 2013

The Public Services Ombudsman for Wales referred 5 cases to the Panel during 2012-13 and 4 cases were carried over from the previous year. Summaries of the 7 cases determined by the Panel during the year are below.

APW/002/2011-012/CT – Isle of Anglesey County Council

The referral concerned allegations that the councillor had breached the Council's code of conduct by making repeated personal attacks of an offensive nature against the then Director of Legal and Democratic Services and Monitoring Officer and the former Interim Managing Director and by making numerous requests for information thereby placing excessive demands and significant burden upon the Council's Corporate Information Officer.



Matters commented upon by the councillor were that when making the comments at the heart of the complaint made against him, the councillor was acting as a member of the council in bringing to light activities which he perceived as improper. He was discharging the duties placed upon him as an elected representative of the Isle of Anglesey County Council. By exposing the seemingly questionable practices of others he was actively contributing to the good governance of the area, effectively representing the interests of the electoral division concerned and was trying to ensure that the highest standard of conduct and ethics were maintained.

The tribunal found that the councillor, by his actions towards the then Director of Legal and Democratic Services, in particular the language used, failed to show respect and consideration and that his actions also amounted to bullying and harassment.

The tribunal found that as a more senior officer, the actions of the councillor did not amount to bullying or harassment of the Interim Managing Director. The tribunal did however find that making unfounded allegations in the public media that the Interim Director was dishonest and corrupt did fail to show respect and consideration in breach of paragraph 4(b) of the Code.

The tribunal found no breach in relation to his conduct towards the Information Officer. The Tribunal was satisfied that the councillor had made his requests perfectly properly and his letters to the Information Officer were appropriate in content and tone.

The tribunal also found that the councillor's actions amounted to a breach of 6(1)(a) of the code, in that the repeated unfounded allegations of a serious nature against senior officers of the council in public was bound to undermine the Authority and bring it into disrepute. In addition the language used by the councillor and the fact that the tribunal found his motives were not genuine further brought the office into disrepute.

The tribunal concluded by unanimous decision that the councillor should be suspended from acting as a member of the council for a period of 12 months.



APW/003/2011-012/CT, APW/005/2012-013/CT & APW/007/2012-013/CT – Coedpoeth Community Council

There were 3 separate referrals from the Ombudsman which were considered by a single tribunal.

The allegations were that the former councillor had breached the above Community Council's code of conduct by his behaviour and consequent arrest for a breach of the peace during a demonstration, failure to show respect and consideration to the Clerk of the Community Council, his behaviour, arrest, subsequent imprisonment and non-cooperation with the relevant authorities arising from a protest at a County Court and his lack of cooperation with the Ombudsman's investigation of these allegations.

In the absence of any proper or meaningful response by the former councillor the tribunal concluded by unanimous decision that the former councillor had, by his actions in breaching the code of conduct and in his unacceptable attitude to the investigation and general disregard to the code, demonstrated that he was unfit to hold public office and was unlikely to become fit over the next 5 years.

Accordingly the tribunal decided that the councillor be disqualified for 5 years from being or become a member of the community council or any other relevant authority.

APW/001/2012-013/CT – Llantrisant Community Council

The allegations were that the councillor had breached Llantrisant Community Council's code of conduct by posting unsubstantiated and highly offensive comments about a former neighbour on Facebook.

The councillor submitted that it was a private family matter and was never intended to be in the public domain. The councillor explained that she had acted on the spur of the moment and had posted the comments to defend her son. The councillor submitted that she never intended to cause anyone harm or distress and was acting as a mother not as a councillor.

The tribunal found that the councillor made 3 postings through her Facebook account and noted that the councillor's profile page makes reference to her position as a community councillor. The tribunal was satisfied that making such public postings without appropriate corroborative evidence was conduct which fell short of



that expected of an elected member. The tribunal considered that making offensive comments on a social networking site and the councillor's failure to take immediate steps to remove those comments was conduct which the tribunal considered brought the office of community councillor into disrepute.

The tribunal considered all the facts of the case and in particular the fact that this was an isolated incident which arose out of what should be a private family matter. The tribunal noted the excellent references received in support of the councillor and the work that she does in the community. The tribunal noted the effect that these proceedings had had on the councillor and the upset caused to the whole family. Nevertheless the tribunal were concerned that the councillor did not fully appreciate the seriousness of her actions. The tribunal took into account her refusal to apologise to the complainant and the fact she had not taken any positive steps to remove the comments. The tribunal took into account that the councillor believed her comments to have been true but nevertheless considered that her actions were inappropriate in the circumstances. The tribunal considered that the conviction in the Courts of a breach of Section 4 of the Public Order Act 1986 was a serious matter for a community councillor.

In all the circumstances the tribunal concluded by unanimous decision that the councillor should be suspended from acting as a member of Llantrisant Community Council for a period of 6 months or, if shorter, the remainder of her term of office. The tribunal considered that this sanction was necessary to reflect the serious nature of the misconduct and to uphold standards in public life. The tribunal considered that a period of suspension was appropriate in the circumstances of this case to give the councillor an opportunity to reflect on her actions. The tribunal considered that a 6 month period of suspension was proportionate in these circumstances.

APW/002/2012-013/CT – Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council

The allegations were that the former councillor had breached Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council's code of conduct by sending an email to all members of the Council in which he misrepresented the outcome of a previous tribunal hearing; by co-operating with the Merthyr Express to produce a story about his suspension; misrepresenting the decision of the tribunal when he wrote to the Merthyr Express; publishing a confidential letter and other similar material on his blog for which he had already been suspended by the Adjudication Panel; participating in a live



radio programme phone-in during which he misrepresented Council policies and failed to state that he was, at the time, suspended from the Council.

The tribunal found that the councillor had persistently and deliberately misrepresented his position as a councillor following his suspension by a previous tribunal, in emails, blogs letters and articles to the press and a radio phone-in in a 3 month period following the tribunal finding; deliberately and persistently misrepresented the findings of the previous tribunal; misrepresented the Council and its policies; and, despite the finding of the previous tribunal, had knowingly published confidential information and failed to seek advice from the appropriate authorities.

The tribunal concluded by unanimous decision that the former councillor should be disqualified for 3 years from being or becoming a member of Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council or any other relevant authority within the meaning of the Local Government Act 2000, with immediate effect.

APW/004/2011-012/CT – Denbighshire County Council

The allegations were that the councillor had breached paragraphs 4(a), 4(b) and 6(1)(a) by on 2 separate occasions making inappropriate comments relating to Muslims, gypsies and travellers at meetings of the Corporate Equalities Group.

The tribunal found by unanimous decision with regard to both allegations that the former councillor had failed to comply with paragraph 4(b) of the council's code of conduct. The tribunal further found that the councillor did not breach paragraphs 4(a) and 6(1)(b).

The tribunal concluded that the former councillor's conduct merited a censure as it was not acceptable for any councillor to use language and express opinions in a way that would be inappropriate or offensive to others.



3.3 Summary of Appeal Tribunals 2012 – 2013

There was 1 appeal tribunal hearing during the reporting year.

APW/003/2012-013/A – Anglesey County Council

An appeal was received against the decision of Anglesey County Council's standards committee that the councillor had breached the Council's code of conduct and should be suspended for a period of 6 months.

The allegations were that the councillor had breached paragraph 6(1)(a) of the Council's code of conduct as a consequence of receiving a criminal conviction for failing to declare his full income when applying for Incapacity Benefit, thereby bringing his office or authority into disrepute.

The tribunal found that it was clear that the councillor showed an unwillingness to be frank and showed a reluctance to provide full and accurate disclosure of information to those investigating the allegation unless and until pressed to do so.

The tribunal found that it was significant that the councillor appeared to have been unwilling or unable to learn any lessons from the fact that he was prosecuted in the Magistrates Court on criminal charges because of a failure to make full disclosure of his circumstances when making a claim for benefits. If the councillor had learned from that experience he should have realised that, in cooperating with the subsequent investigation by the Ombudsman and his appearance before the standards committee, it was the councillor's duty to provide full, carefully checked and accurate information so that there could be no possibility or misunderstanding and any doubts about his integrity could be assuaged.

It was also incumbent on him to act in a way that members of the public and fellow councillors would consider to be exemplary, notwithstanding his criminal conviction. Instead his conduct had engendered doubts about his sincerity and the level of his contrition.

It was also clear from the evidence that inaccurate or misleading information was provided by the councillor to the Ombudsman and to the standards committee. That standards committee was of the view that there was a perceived pattern of behaviour relating to a failure or unwillingness to provide full information.



The tribunal was satisfied that the standards committee gave the councillor every opportunity to substantiate his mitigation during the standards committee hearing. The tribunal was satisfied that appropriate credit was given by the standards committee for the mitigation put forward by the councillor, but that the mitigation was outweighed by other factors of the case including the councillor's credibility. The tribunal was satisfied that the standards committee applied due proportionality having regard to all the facts in deciding on the sanction that should be applied to the councillor.

The tribunal accordingly decided by unanimous decision to endorse the decision of the Isle of Anglesey County Council's standards committee, that the councillor should be suspended for 6 months.

3.4 Ongoing Cases

At September 2013, the Adjudication Panel had determined 2 cases in the current financial year and a further 3 were on going. These cover a range of potential breaches, such as failing to show respect, attempting to misuse their position as a member, intimidating and bullying behaviour towards council employees, making unsubstantiated public allegations about officers.

Further information on completed cases can be found in tribunal decision reports which are published on the Panel's website: www.adjudicationpanelwales.org.uk

